

## Program Improvement Plan Quarterly Performance Report: January 1, 2005 – December 31, 2005

This report summarizes quarterly progress on Rhode Island's Program Improvement Plan (PIP). The PIP sets out performance goals for the six national standards for child welfare agency performance as specified in the Child and Family Service Reviews conducted by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Administration for Children and Families (ACF). Information for the report is compiled from RICHIST data for completed child protective service investigations and foster care placement data for the period January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005. Baseline information is based upon data submitted to the Children's Bureau for the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System (NCANDS) and Adoption and Foster Care Reporting System (AFCARS) for Fiscal Year 2004 (October 1, 2003 through September 30, 2004). DCYF releases these figures on a quarterly basis to monitor progress toward PIP performance goals. Regional performance is summarized on the back of this report.

### What is the Child and Family Service Review?

Beginning in 2000, the ACF began conducting Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSRs) to evaluate state child welfare program functioning. The CFSR process encompassed a range of indicators of program functioning including a statewide self assessment prepared by the agency, a comprehensive qualitative site review of systemic factors and child welfare outcomes for a random sample of cases, and performance against national quantitative standards established for six outcomes for all children active for the most recent available year.

Rhode Island completed its first CFSR in March 2004. To date, similar reviews have been conducted for all fifty states, Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia. No state or jurisdiction passed the initial round of reviews. A brief summary of Rhode Island's performance can be found online ([http://www.dcyf.ri.gov/news/review\\_summary.htm](http://www.dcyf.ri.gov/news/review_summary.htm)). In general, the review showed that Rhode Island has strengths as well as areas needing improvement. The Program Improvement Plan (PIP) is a federally-required response to the CFSR that summarizes a comprehensive plan to meet six national standards included in the review. It also describes Rhode Island's strategy for improving the services provided to children and families that are expected to improve outcomes. The date targeted to achieve these standards is August 2007. A copy of the PIP is available at [http://www.dcyf.ri.gov/docs/pip\\_final.pdf](http://www.dcyf.ri.gov/docs/pip_final.pdf).

### How was Rhode Island's progress during the most recent quarter?

Although it is difficult to detect child welfare system changes within a single quarter, this report communicates information about Program Improvement Benchmarks as the state progresses toward annual and target goals. Rhode Island's progress against the six national standards during the most recent quarter is detailed below in Table 1. As is shown in the table, Rhode Island continues to meet and exceed the standard for foster care adoption with approximately 47% of foster care adoptions occurring within 24 months from a child's entry into the foster care system (Outcome #5). In addition, for this quarter, Rhode Island continued to meet its annual objective for increasing the 12-month rate of foster care reunification (73.1%; Outcome #3), and reducing the 12-month rate of foster care re-entry (15.0%; Outcome #4).

Table 1: Six national standards for child welfare agency performance: 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter PIP Progress

Child Welfare Outcome	National Standard	Baseline (FY04)	First Quarter*	Current Quarter	Annual Goal 8/2006	Target Goal 8/2007
1. Reduce 6 month rate of recurrence of maltreatment	6.1 %	7.8 %	8.9 %	9.2 %	7.45 %	6.9 %
2. Reduce the incidence of child abuse and/or neglect in foster care	0.57 %	1.09 %	1.40 %	1.23 %	1.02 %	0.95 %
3. Increase 12 month rate of reunification from foster care	76.2 %	71.0 %	73.8 %	73.1 %	72.2 %	73.42 %
4. Reduce 12 month rate of re-entry to foster care	8.6 %	21.3 %	17.3 %	15.0 %	20.5 %	19.95 %
5. Increase 24 month rate of adoption from foster care	32.0 %	49.8 %	49.3 %	46.9 %	**	49.8 %
6. Increase 12 month rate of foster care cases with 2 or fewer placements	86.7 %	84.8 %	84.5 %	77.4 %	85.8 %	86.7 %

\*Note. Projected outcome performance for Federal Fiscal Year 2005 (Oct. 1, 2004 – Sept. 30, 2005).

\*\*Note. RI exceeds the National Standard on this measure.

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January 1, 2005 – December 31, 2005**

Larger gains remain to achieving annual goals in the areas of reducing 6-month maltreatment recurrence (Outcome #1), reducing the incidence of child abuse and/or neglect among children in foster care (Outcome #2), and increasing the 12-month rate of placement stability among children in foster care (Outcome #6).

**How did Rhode Island's progress during the most recent quarter differ by region?**

Regional performance against the six national standards during the most recent quarter is detailed in Table 2 below. In most cases, regions were determined based upon the mother's address – though in some cases the father's or child's address was used. In a small number of cases (4.5% in the NCANDS, 7.4% in the AFCARS) a region could not be determined; such cases were excluded from regional analyses. It is important to note that regions differ markedly in the number of children investigated by Child Protective Services or the number of children served through foster care placement. ***As a result, small variations in outcome across quarters may result in large variations in performance in regions where fewer children are served. Although these figures provide some indication of each region's performance against national standards, comparisons across regions should be done with caution because of the unique characteristics and challenges for each region.***

Table 2: Six national standards for child welfare agency performance: 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter PIP Progress (by Region).

Child Welfare Outcome	National Standard	Region I	Region II	Region III	Region IV	Annual Goal 8/2006
1. Reduce 6 month rate of recurrence of maltreatment	6.1 %	5.2 % (24/462)	5.6 % (9/161)	10.1 % (29/288)	11.7 % (71/606)	7.45 %
2. Reduce the incidence of child abuse and/or neglect in foster care	0.57 %	1.42 % (16/1127)	0.59 % *	2.01 % (12/598)	1.13% (14/1238)	1.02 %
3. Increase 12 month rate of reunification from foster care	76.2 %	71.3 % (154/216)	73.6 % (64/87)	79.4 % (123/155)	70.7 % (217/307)	72.2 %
4. Reduce 12 month rate of re-entry to foster care	8.6 %	11.0 % (52/474)	12.3 % (20/162)	14.7 % (40/273)	20.0 % (119/594)	20.5 %
5. Increase 24 month rate of adoption from foster care	32.0 %	52.5 % (42/80)	41.7 % *	46.3 % (19/41)	41.7 % (30/72)	**
6. Increase 12 month rate of foster care cases with 2 or fewer placements	86.7 %	75.5 % (416/551)	78.1 % (153/196)	81.2 % (272/335)	78.0 % (528/677)	85.8 %
CPS Investigations Completed (% of DCYF Population).....		25.6 %	11.8 %	21.8 %	40.8 %	
Foster Care Children Served (% of DCYF Population).....		33.9 %	10.1 %	18.4 %	37.6 %	

NOTE: Italicized numbers in parentheses indicate the number of children who experienced the outcome and the number of children identified as at risk for each outcome. For example, on Outcome #2 in Region III (incidence of child abuse and/or neglect in foster care) 12 children were identified as abused or neglected by a foster parent or residential provider out of a potential 598 children who were in care for the 9-month period used to compute the outcome. Each outcome is calculated based upon federal criteria as outlined in the CFSR procedures.

\* To ensure anonymity, in instances where 5 or fewer cases are identified as experiencing an incident the numerator and denominator will not be provided.

\*\* RI exceeds the National Standard on this measure.

As is shown in the table, Regions I and II currently meet the national standard for 6-month maltreatment recurrence (Outcome #1; 5.2% and 5.6%, respectively). All regions exceed national standards for incidence of child abuse and/or neglect among children in foster care, though Region II met the annual goal (Outcome #2, 0.59%). Region II and III currently meet the 2006 annual goal for increasing the 12-month rate of foster care reunification (Outcome #3; 73.6% and 79.4%, respectively). All regions currently meet the 2006 annual goal for reducing the 12-month rate of foster care re-entry (Outcome #4) and continue to meet the national standard for adoption from foster care within 24 months from a child's entry into the foster care system (Outcome #5). Finally, all regions currently are below the 2006 annual goal for increasing the 12-month rate of placement stability among children in foster care (Outcome #6). Recall that comparisons across regions should be done with caution because of the unique characteristics and challenges for each region.